September 12, 2022



Alberta Transportation 4th Floor, Provincial Building 4920 51 Street Red Deer, Alberta T4N 6K8

Tony Penney, P.Eng. Construction Engineer

Dear Mr. Penney:

CON0022160 Central Region GRMP Instrumentation Monitoring Site C007; H16:30, km 23.890 Kenilworth Lake Slide Section C – 2022 Spring Readings

1 **GENERAL**

Five slope inclinometers (SIs) (SI15-01, SI15-02, and SI21-C07-01 through SI21-C07-03) were read at the C007 site in the Central Region on June 24, 2022 by Mr. Guerin White, E.I.T. of Klohn Crippen Berger Ltd. (KCB). These instruments were read as part of the Central Region Geohazard Risk Management Program (GRMP). The site is located on Hwy 16:30, km 23.890, approximately 2 km east of Islay Junction. The approximate site coordinates are 5910761 N, 532907 E (UTM Zone 12, NAD 83). A site plan is presented in Figure 1.

The geohazard at the C007 site consists of a slope failure along the north shore of Kenilworth Lake that affects the eastbound lanes of Hwy 16:30. The slope failure was first observed in 1977 and appears to be a deep-seated rotational slide into the lake. In March 2015, an 18-m deep, 60-m long H-pile wall (H360X132) consisting of 80 piles was installed to stabilize the slope, as depicted in Figure 1. In March 2021, the H-pile wall was extended 62 m to the east and 15 m to the west, to address lateral expansion of the slide mass. Previous remedial actions include construction of a granular toe berm in 1980, installation of horizontal drains in 1985 and 1986, construction of a keyed-in granular toe berm in 2011, and regular patching and paving. Twinning of the highway was completed in 1990 or 1991.

In June 2013, KCB conducted a geotechnical site investigation at the C007 site. Drilling was completed by Mobile Augers and Research Ltd. The encountered stratigraphy was as follows: fill (similar material to the underlying silty clay till), overlying medium to high plastic silty clay till, overlying bedrock. The encountered stratigraphy was consistent with the stratigraphy encountered during a 2004 drilling investigation.

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1.1 Instrumentation

Instrumentation installation details are tabulated in Table 1.1. Instrument locations are shown in Figure 1. All instruments installed before June 2013 are considered inoperable and are not presented or discussed herein.

In June 2013, KCB installed two SIs (SI13-01 and SI13-02) and two standpipes (SPs) (SP13-01 and SP13-02) on the south (downslope) side of the Hwy 16:30. The instruments were destroyed during installation of the original H-pile wall in 2015.

In March 2015, two SIs (SI15-01 and SI15-02) were installed in steel pockets between the web and flanges of the H-piles to monitor deflection of the original H-pile wall. The SIs are located approximately one-third (19.8 m) from either end of the original H-pile wall.

In March 2021, three SIs (SI21-C07-01 through SI21-C07-03) were installed to monitor deflection of the east and west H-pile wall extensions. SI21-C07-01 is located approximately in the centre of the 15-m long H-pile wall west extension. SI21-C07-02 and SI21-C07-03 are located approximately one-third (20.7 m) from either end of the H-pile wall east extension. Each SI was installed in the H-pile wall, in a rectangular opening created by tack-welding an L-shaped bracket (L102X102X6.4) to the web and flange of an H-pile. The space between the SI casing and rectangular opening was backfilled with fine-grained sand.

All operable SIs are protected by above-ground casing protectors.

The operable SIs installed in 2015 were read using the same metric RST Digital MEMS Inclinometer System that has been used to read the SIs since they were re-initialized in September 2017, when the SI equipment was changed. This equipment has also been used to the read the SIs instead in 2021 since they were installed.

Instrument	Instrument	Date	UTM Coor	dinates ¹ (m)	Ground	Stick Un	Denth	Condition ³	
ID	Туре	Installed	Northing	Easting	Surface Elevation ¹ (m)	(m)	(mbgs ²)		
\$ 13-01	SI	Jun. 2013	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	21.2	Inoperable	
\$I13-02	SI	Jun. 2013	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	<u>23.9</u>	Inoperable	
SI15-01	SI	Mar. 18, 2015	5910733	532917	616	0.9	17.5	Operable	
SI15-02	SI	Mar. 18, 2015	5910733	532954	615	0.8	17.0	Operable	
SI21-C07-01	SI	Mar. 26, 2021	5910764	532862	616	0.1	16.0	Operable	
SI21-C07-02	SI	Mar. 26, 2021	5910733	532954	615	0.7	18.0	Operable	
SI21-C07-03	SI	Mar. 26, 2021	5910733	532973	615	0.4	18.0	Operable	
SP13-01	SP	Jun. 2013	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	20.7	Inoperable	
SP13-02	SP	Jun. 2013	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	10.0	Inoperable	

Table 1.1 Instrumentation Installation Details

Notes:

¹ Coordinates and ground surface elevations have not been surveyed and were approximated based on record drawings and location plan.

² Meters below ground surface (mbgs). Bottom reading depth for SI and screen depth for SPs.

³ SI13-01, SI13-02, SP13-01, and SP13-02 were destroyed during installation of the original H-pile wall in 2015.

2 INTERPRETATION

2.1 General

For the operable SIs, the cumulative displacement, incremental displacement, and displacement-time data was plotted in the A-direction (i.e., the direction of the A0-grooves) and, where applicable, in the X-direction (i.e., the direction of maximum movement obtained at a skew angle from the A0-grooves). SI15-01 and SI15-02 have skew angles of 70° and 15°, respectively, measured clockwise from the direction of the A0-grooves.

The SI plots are included in Appendix I and a summary of the SI data is provided in Table 2.1. The SI data plots presented herein only include data for readings taken with the metric RST equipment.

2.2 Zones of Movement

Before the instruments were destroyed during installation of the original H-pile wall in 2015, movement was being recorded in SI13-01 and SI13-02 at an approximate depth of 8 m and 7 m below ground surface, respectively.

Distributed movement is being recorded in SI15-01 and SI15-02 (original H-pile wall) to an approximate depth of 10 m to 11 m, respectively; in SI21-C07-01 (west H-pile wall extension) to an approximate depth of 16 m below ground surface; and in SI21-C07-02 and SI21-C07-03 (east H-pile wall extension) to an approximate depth of 7 m to 9 m, respectively. The H-pile walls are 18 m deep, and the SIs are approximately 16 m to 17 m deep.



Table 2.1Slope Inclinometer Reading Summary

	Date							Movement (mm)				Rate of Movement (mm/year)		
Instrument ID ³	Initialized	Previous Maximum	Previous	Most	Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Depth of Movement (mbgs ¹)	Direction of Movement, Skew Angle	Maximum Cumulative		Incremental Since	Previous	Most	Change from	
	(Re-initialized)	Cumulative Movement Recorded	Reading	Recent Reading				Before Re- Initialization	After Re- Initialization	Total	Previous Maximum Cumulative	Maximum	Recent Reading	Previous Reading
SI15-01	Mar. 18, 2015 (Sep. 8, 2017) ⁴	Jun.10, 2021	Jun.10, 2021	Jun.24, 2022	616	0-11	X-Direction, 70°	153.5	16.9	170.4	3.6	654.6	3.5	2.3
SI15-02	Mar. 18, 2015 (Sep. 8, 2017) ⁴	Jun. 11, 2021	Jun. 11, 2021	Jun.24, 2022	615	0-10	X-Direction, 15°	89.4	43.8	133.2	5.5	293.3	5.3	-4.6
SI21-C07-01	Apr. 22, 2021	N/A	Jun. 11, 2021	Jun.24, 2022	615	0-10	A-Direction	N/A – instruments installed in		3.9	3.1	6.0	3.0	-3.0
SI21-C07-02	Apr. 22, 2021	N/A	Jun. 11, 2021	Jun.24, 2022	616	0-10	A-Direction	2021 and initialized with current SI		10.0	6.0	30.5	5.8	-24.7
SI21-C07-03	Apr. 22, 2021	N/A	Jun. 11, 2021	Jun.24, 2022	616	0 - 16	A-Direction	equipment		14.1	8.3	40.6	8.1	-32.4

Notes:

¹ Meters below ground surface (mbgs).

² Skew angle of X-direction measured clockwise from the A-direction.

³ SI15-01, SI15-02, and SI21-C07-01 through SI21-C07-03 were installed to monitor deflection of the H-pile walls.

⁴ SI15-01 and SI15-02 were re-initialized in September 2017 when the SI equipment was changed.



2.3 Interpretation of Monitoring Results

The depth of movement being recorded in the pile-wall SIs appears to be occurring approximately 5 m above the base of the H-pile walls and approximately 3 m below the depth of movement previously recorded in SI13-01 and SI13-02. This indicates the H-pile walls have intercepted the failure surface and is continuing to deflect, transferring load to depths below the failure plane as the piles stabilize the slide mass.

The June 2022 data obtained from SI15-01 and SI15-02 indicates that the top of the original H-pile wall has deflected between approximately 170 mm and 133 mm, respectively, since installation, with most of the displacement occurring before June 2015. The maximum rate of movement recorded in SI15-01 and SI15-02 occurred in June 2015, one month after the H-pile wall was installed and was approximately 655 mm/year and 293 mm/year, respectively. The rate of movement has since decreased and is now generally less than 10 mm/year.

Based on KCB's 2014 design report, the top 8 m of the original H-pile wall was expected to deflect up to 200 mm over the three to four years following installation (i.e., the estimated time for the H-pile wall to pick-up the load and stabilize the sliding mass). Based on the overall relatively slow rate of movement (less than 10 mm/year) recorded in these SIs since they were re-initialized in 2017, the H-pile wall will likely not reach 200 mm of deflection for another 5 to 10 years.

The June 2022 data obtained from SI21-C07-01 through SI21-C07-03 indicates that the top of the west and east H-pile wall extensions have deflected up to approximately 4 mm and 14 mm, respectively, since installation. In the spring of 2021, shortly after construction of the H-pile wall extensions, the maximum rate of movement recorded in these SIs was between approximately 6 mm/year and 40 mm/year. The rate of movement has since decreased and is now less than 10 mm/year. KCB anticipated that the rate of movement shortly after installation would be highest and would decrease as the H-pile wall picked up load stabilizing the sliding mass.

Additional displacement of the H-pile walls may occur in response to periods of heavy or prolonged rainfall, resulting in high groundwater conditions. If movement rates accelerate or do not attenuate, AT should consider installing walers and tie-back anchors to limit the impact of further slide movements on the pavement or potential lateral expansion of the slide mass.

Before SI15-01 was re-initialized in September 2017, approximately 135 mm of distributed movement (i.e., from top to bottom of casing) was recorded in the B-direction. It is unknown if this movement was due to post installation SI casing flexure, shifting in the steel pocket, or twist of the H-piles that occurred when the H-pile wall picked up load while stabilizing the sliding mass. However, movements in the B-direction have attenuated and no additional movement has been recorded in the B-direction of this instrument since it was re-initialized.

3 RECOMMENDATIONS

3.1 Future Work

All operable instruments should continue to be read once per year (spring) until movements attenuate, and all cracking and deformations of the pavement surface cease.

The site should continue to be inspected by the Maintenance Contract Inspector (MCI) and as part of the Central Region GRMP Section B inspections.

3.2 Instrument Repairs and Maintenance

No instrument repairs or maintenance is required. However, periodic MCI site visits should continue to assess if voids are still opening between the web and flanges of the H-piles. Additional sand backfill should be placed in any surface voids that develop.



4 CLOSING

This report is an instrument of service of Klohn Crippen Berger (KCB). The report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Alberta Transportation (Client) for the specific application to the Central Region Geohazard Risk Management Program (Contract No. CON0022160), and it may not be relied upon by any other party without KCB's written consent.

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Please contact the undersigned if you have any questions or comments regarding this report.

Yours truly,

KLOHN CRIPPEN BERGER LTD.

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Chris Gräpel, M.Eng., P.Eng. Senior Civil Engineer, Associate James Lyons, P.Eng. Civil Engineer

JL:bb

ATTACHMENTS

Figure Appendix I Instrumentation Plots



FIGURE





APPENDIX I

.

Instrumentation Plots











Klohn Crippen Berger - Calgary



C007; H16:30, Kenilworth Lake Slide, Inclinometer SI15-01











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C007; H16:30, Kenilworth Lake Slide, Inclinometer SI15-01











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C007; H16:30, Kenilworth Lake Slide, Inclinometer SI15-02



C007; H16:30, Kenilworth Lake Slide, Inclinometer SI15-02

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C007; H16:30, Kenilworth Lake Slide, Inclinometer SI15-02

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C007; H16:30, Kenilworth Lake Slide, Inclinometer SI15-02











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C007; H16:30; Kenilworth Lake Slide, Inclinometer SI21-C07-01











Klohn Crippen Berger - Calgary

C007; H16:30; Kenilworth Lake Slide, Inclinometer SI21-C07-02











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C007; H16:30; Kenilworth Lake Slide, Inclinometer SI21-C07-03