ALBERTA TRANSPORTATION GEOHAZARD ASSESSMENT PROGRAM PEACE REGION – HIGH LEVEL 2020 INSPECTION



Site Number	Location	Name	Hwy	km	
PH074-1	Northeast of La Crete Ferry Crossing	East Peace River Hill Frost Heaves	697:02	20.04	
Legal Description		UTM Co-ordinates			
SW32-103-19-W5M		11U E 493,300	N 6	,426,612	

	Date	PF	CF	Total
Previous Inspection:	14-June-2016	8	2	16
Current Inspection:	5-June-2020	8	2	16
Road AADT:	290		Year:	2020
Inspected By:	Rocky Wang, TRANS Ken Froese, Thurber Ed Szmata, TRANS		er	
Report Attachments:		☐ Maintenance Items		

Primary Site Issue:	Seasonal humps on highway at each edge of embankment fill.			
Dimensions:	12.5 m high embankment			
Date of Remediation:	None			
Maintenance:	2019: Paved			
Observations:	Description	Worsened?		
Pavement Distress	Highway embankment is depressed over the culvert embankment fill with humps at each end: 60 m long on NE side and only slight at SW side. Transverse cracks have formed at these humps.			
Slope Movement	There is a scarp on the embankment slope above the culvert outlet which appears vegetated and relatively stable. Second shallow scarp has formed on north side of the embankment	V		
▽ Erosion	Erosion gully down the southside of the embankment east of the culvert was unchanged; the gully in the south ditch east of the fill was roughly regraded.			
□ Seepage				
Bridge/Culvert Distress	Silt had been accumulated at inlet of 600 mm culvert. This appears to have been cleared by the 2016 inspection. The inlet was again covered in 2020.	V		
☐ Other				
Instrumentation:				
None.				
Assessment:				

Based on discussions with Alberta Transportation maintenance personnel, the humps at either end of the embankment fill are more pronounced in winter and only minor during the summer. The humps have posed a pavement smoothness issue for many years.

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As the humps occur at either end of the embankment fill, the cause is likely a combination of long-term settlement of the fill over the culvert combined with frost heaving at the cut-fill contacts in the winter. Exposed soils observed in the vicinity are sand and silt which are highly frost-susceptible when given access to water. The difference in magnitude of the frost heaving may reflect greater groundwater presence on the northeast (uphill) side which would increase the amount of frost heave. The scarp in the embankment above the outlet may have been triggered by the scour bowl that has formed at the culvert outlet. There were no signs of recent movement on this scarp; however, the slope below is steeper than the embankment fill above.

The site was inspected again in 2020 after four years without as there was a second potential site in the vicinity that the Maintenance Contractor Inspector wanted examined. That second site did not appear to be a developing slide. The conditions at PH074 appeared fairly similar to what was seen in 2016. The erosion features are relatively stable and the slump at the outlet hasn't developed further. The humps at the edges and the dip in center of the fill remain and there is a new shallow slump forming on the north embankment but deteriorating is relatively slow at this location. However, there is a concern that with the elevated water tables inducing slides at many locations elsewhere in the Peace Region and the propensity of fills in this region to lose cohesion with time means there is the potential for larger-scale movements at this location where the embankment is already quite steep.

Recommendations:

Short-Term:

• Asphalt patching and milling, as required, to smooth the abrupt changes in the pavement profile.

Long-Term:

Consideration could be given to the use of horizontal drains beneath the roadway ditches to lower
the water table. Installation of insulation beneath the roadway surface may be required as an
additional later measure to reduce the amount of frost heave if control of the groundwater is
insufficient to solve the problem.

Ongoing Investigation:

- The site can be dropped again from the annual routine GeoHazard inspection unless the site significant deteriorates further.
- A geotechnical investigation should be undertaken to assess the subgrade conditions below each
 of the humps and to install piezometers in the ditches to determine the groundwater levels prior to
 design remedial measures.

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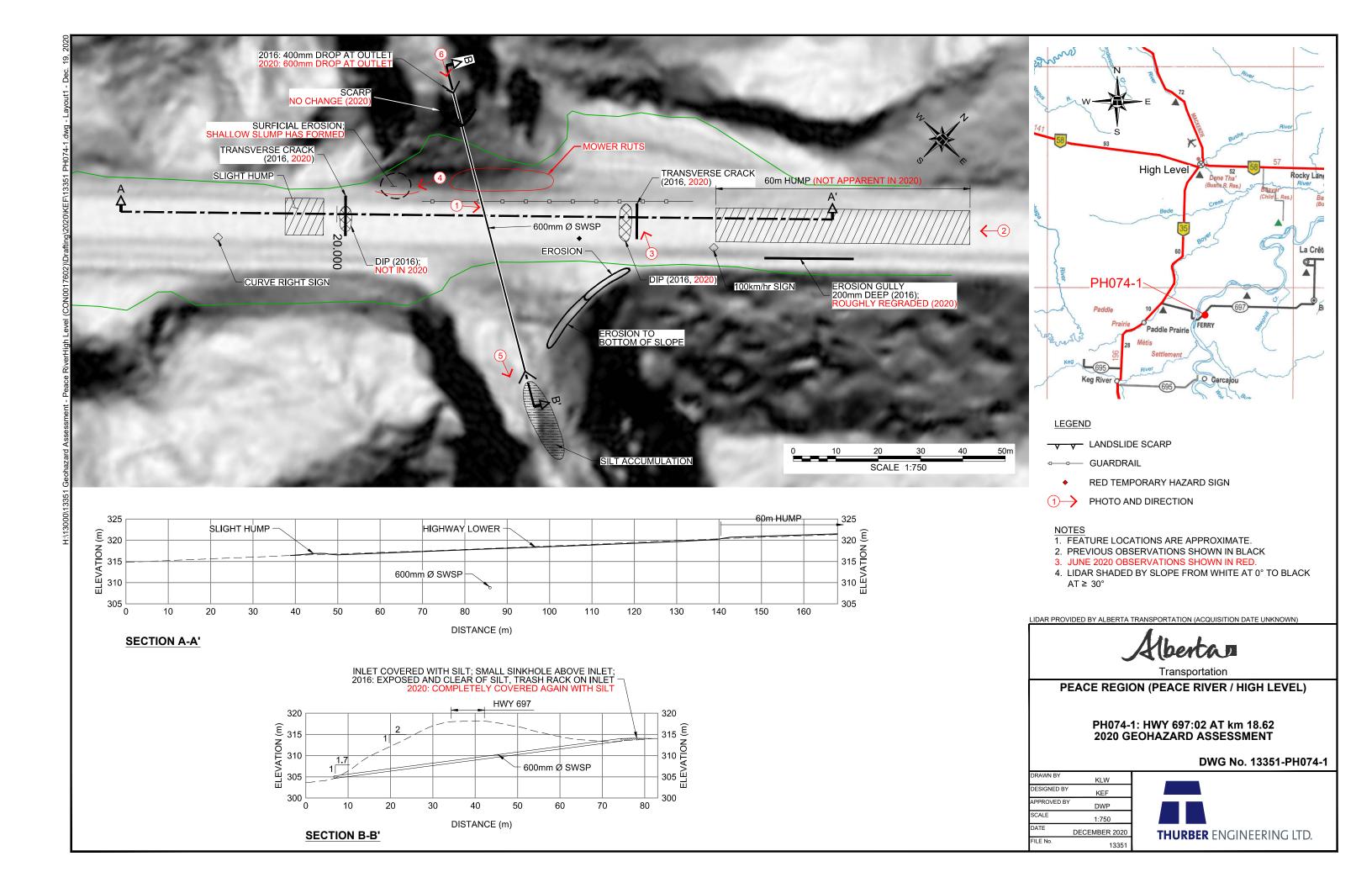






Photo 1 – Looking northeast at hump in the highway.



Photo 2 – Looking southwest from northeast end at dip in highway.

Photo Date: June 5, 2020

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e-file:





Photo 3 – Looking northwest at crack at northeast end of embankment fill.



Photo 4 – Looking southwest at northwest sideslope.

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e-file:





Photo 5 – Silt accumulation upslope of inlet.



Photo 6 – Hanging culvert outlet.

Photo Date: June 5, 2020

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