ALBERTA TRANSPORTATION GEOHAZARD ASSESSMENT PROGRAM PEACE REGION – SWAN HILLS 2022 INSPECTION



Site Number Locatio	n		Name		Hwy	km
SH013-14 Little Sn	River	Little Smoky River Valley,		744:0	2 21.55-21.61	
SH013-15		North Hill – Sites #14 & #15		744.0	21.61-21.80	
Legal Description			UTM Co-ordinat		N1	0.400.004
Site 14: SE28/SW27-76-22-W5M		11U E 478,6				6,163,221
Site 15: SE28/SW27-76-22			11U E 478,64	+/	Ν	6,163,070
		Date	PF	CF		Total
Previous Inspection:	;	3-Jun-2020	Site 14: 12 Site 15: 8	3 3		36 24
Current Inspection:		1-Jun-2022	Site 14: 12 Site 15: 8	3 3		36 24
Road AADT:		23		Year:		2022
Inspected By:		shi Adhikari, TF ax Shannon, TF		Ken Froese, Thu Mark Gallego, Th		
Report Attachments:		Photographs Plans		Mainten		
Primary Site Issue:		erosion alon 8 m above a Creek. <u>Site 15</u> : Higl with ongoing Little Smoky sagging of th 4 km of the h	hway is adjacent to g channel of tribut nd 60 m away fro hway traverses d g creep movement River and Peavi he pavement surfa highway crosses to above and 90 m ek.	eep-seated, t due partly t ne Creek re ace at nume his unstable	retrogi o eros sulting rous lo north v	eek. This Site is y of the Peavine ressive landslide ion at toe by the in cracking and ocations. Approx. valley slope. This
Dimensions:		Site 14: 55 m length of highway parallels active erosion area. Site 15: 40 m length of highway with distortion and cracking.				
Date of Remediation:		None				
Maintenance:		Routine crack sealing, milling, and patching, when required. 2017: Overlay through Sites 13, 15, and 14 2019: milling at Site 15 2020: Line painting, spot patching over crack at Site 15 2021: Highway Overlay (50 mm)				
Observations (Site 14):		Description			Worsened?	
Pavement Distress		Transverse crack over twin culverts.				
Slope Movement		Slumps have developed along the creek valley and are retrogressing as creek continues to erode.			V	
Erosion		Significant erosion along channel of tributary to Peavine Creek.			ary to	V
Seepage		Ponded water observed in the east ditch.				

✓ Bridge/Culvert Distress	Twin culverts at km 21.77 were placed with new twin SWSP culverts and riprap aprons.	
C Other		
Observations (Site 15):	Description	Worsened?
Pavement Distress	Site was recently overlaid. Some of the previous longitudinal and traverse cracks have reflected through.	V
Slope Movement	Site is located on an active deep-seated landslide moving toward the Peavine Creek. There is also a slump at the top of the backslope.	V
Erosion	Erosion control consisting of matting and GeoRidges installed in west ditch where gully was previously observed. Minor rills forming on portions of the sideslope and ditch.	
Seepage		
Bridge/Culvert Distress		
Conter Conter		
Instrumentation, Nana		

Instrumentation: None.

Assessment:

The overall valley slope is moving as several separate slide blocks in response to the toe erosion and downcutting of two different rivers resulting in numerous scarps, sag ponds, and differential movement zones going in slightly different directions. The highway intersects the scarps of these blocks at several locations resulting in an uneven highway surface and cracking.

Site 14:

The highway is adjacent to a tributary to the Peavine Creek and the channel is aggressively downcutting resulting in slumping less than 20 m from the highway – the nick point of one of the gullies is about 14 m from the culvert outlet. The erosion is driven by overland flow through the east ditch as well as the west ditch as the flow is diverted below the highway to the east ditch at this location. Heavy spring runoff and rain falls in 2019 and 2020 significantly increased the width and length of the erosion. The remaining field marker for measuring the regression was reset in 2019 and the offset from the crest of the slumping decreased from 4.95 m in 2019 to 1.3 m in 2022. The erosion occurring in the highway ditch could be controlled with erosion control products; however, the downcutting along the tributary channel would require extensive works to reduce the erosion as this natural process will continue to extend as the grade of the tributary moves toward equilibrium conditions (geological time-scale process).

Site 15:

The overall valley movements have led to a diagonal crack across the highway at this location which likely represents the uppermost scarp of the deep-seated, retrogressive movements in the valley. The noticeable dip in the highway surface on the downslope side of the crack was removed with the highway overlay in 2021. The main crack pattern has become re-established after the overlay including some differential across the cracks. In addition, there is some erosion located downslope (east) of the highway and shallower scarp which may both be contributing to the movement at the highway. There were no changes observed during the 2022 inspection. There is also a backslope slump that has formed about 1 m from the valley crest which may be the result of cut slope angle rather than the overall valley movement. Tension cracks were observed in 2017 in the field above this slump indicating that it is retrogressing although it did not appear significantly different since 2017.

Recommendations:

Short-Term:

- Road maintenance should continue as necessary to maintain a safe roadway surface and may consist of milling, patching, and crack sealing of the ACP.
- Riprap could be placed at the headscarp of the erosion ravine to slow retrogression of the erosion up-gradient.

Medium-Term:

- If the highway is not re-aligned, consideration should be given to remediating the erosion in the tributary channel at Site 14 by installing a series of rock check dams or armouring most of the channel bottom.
- Consideration could also be given to the installation of steel sheet piles along the highway at Site 14 as an interim measure if the gully regresses close enough to the highway that there is concern for the safety of the traveling public. A guardrail would also be required in this scenario. Preliminary engineering should be undertaken so that this remediation can be implemented quickly when required.

Long-Term:

It is understood that, at this time, the only long-term remediation option under consideration is realignment of the entire north hill section of Highway 744. However, given the high cost of this option and as it is a low volume highway, it is unlikely that realignment will be undertaken in the near future.

Ongoing Investigation:

- It is recommended that the annual Geohazard inspection should continue as scheduled.
- Minimum offset distances or triggers should be established so that remedial measures can be determined and implemented prior to distress of the highway.

Closure

It is a condition of this letter report that Thurber's performance of its professional services will be subject to the attached Statement of Limitations and Conditions.

Don Proudfoot, P.Eng. Principal | Senior Geotechnical Engineer

Mark Gallego, P.Eng. Geotechnical Engineer



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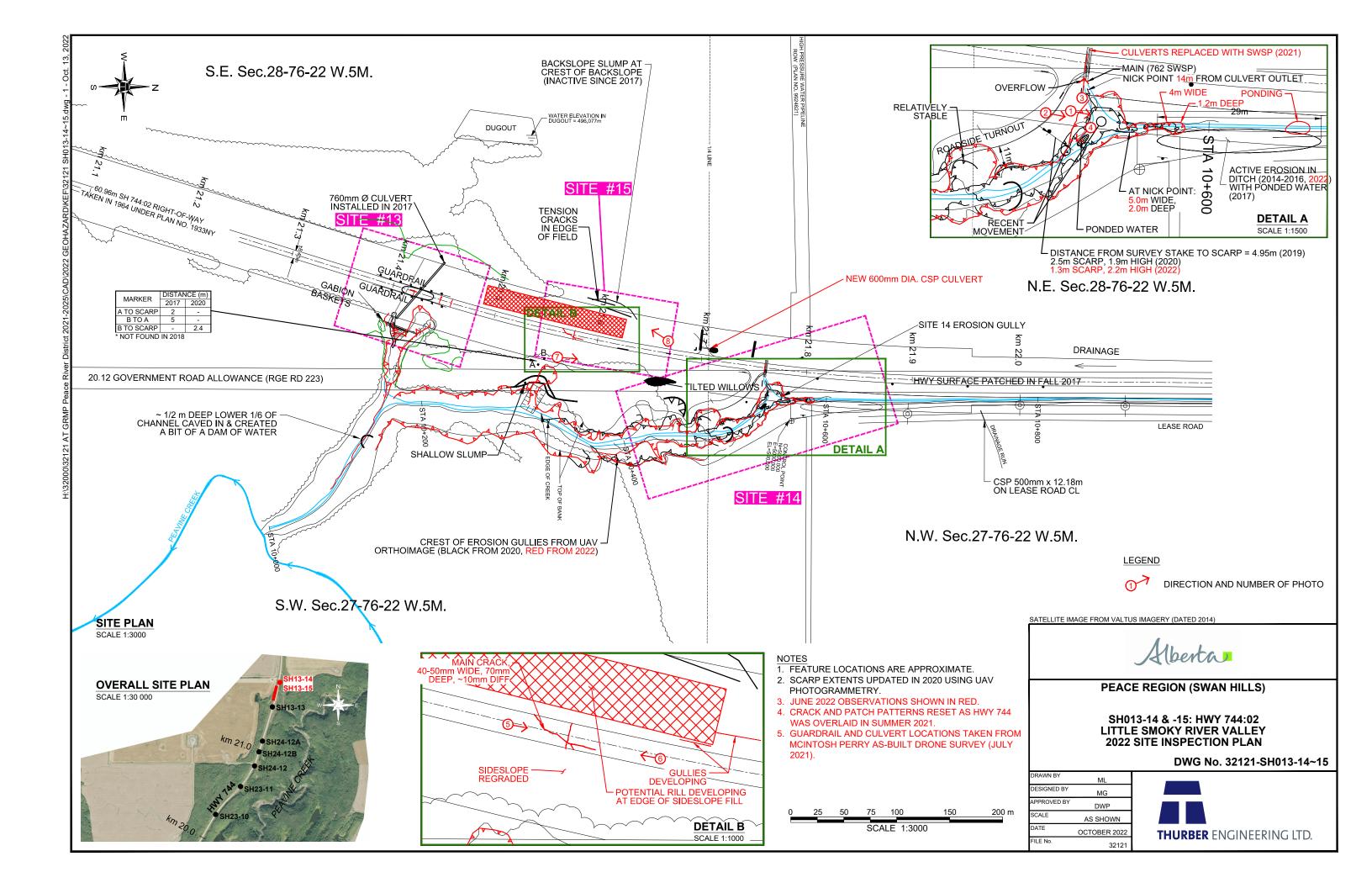






Photo 1, Site 14 – Looking north along the east ditch at increasing depth of erosion along the tributary.



Photo 2, Site 14 – Looking north along the east ditch.





Photo 3, Site 14 – Looking at outlets of new SWSP twin culverts outlets which replaced older CSP culverts.



Photo 4, Site 14 – Looking south at slumping along the tributary channel.





Photo 5, Site 15 – Looking north at diagonal crack intersecting the highway. There is a slight dip in the east lane on the south side (downslope) of the crack.



Photo 6, Site 15 – Looking south at the main crack (note grading and erosion protection in the west ditch).





Photo 7, Site 15 – Looking north at head of shallow slump downslope of the highway.



Photo 8, Site 15 – Looking southwest at backslope slump at valley crest.





2022 UAV orthomosaic of the erosion gully at SH013.