ALBERTA TRANSPORTATION GEOHAZARD ASSESSMENT PROGRAM PEACE REGION (PEACE RIVER DISTRICT) 2021 INSPECTION



Site Number	Location	Name	Hwy	km	
PH033-1	Judah Hill	CNR Slide	744:04	59.451	
Legal Description		UTM Co-ordinates			
NE1/4 29-083-21 W5M		11V E 482645	N 623130	18	

	Date	PF	CF	Total
Previous Inspection:	10-June-2020	16	4	64
Current Inspection:	6-July-2021	16	4	64
Road WAADT:	600		Year:	2020
	Tyler Clay, TEL		Don Proudfoot, TEL	
Inspected By:	Ed Szmata, TRANS		Kristen Tappenden, TRANS	
	Max Shannon, TRANS		Erwin Kurz, TRANS	
Report Attachments:	Photographs			
Noport / tilderinionion	✓ Plans		✓ Maintenance Items	

Primary Site Issue:	Two rotational slides, one above the other, with the toe being eroded at the Heart River. Slide movement apparently occurring over an eroded bedrock surface, above river level. Crest of slide(s) has previously affected the highway and rail line near the level crossing. Pile walls and a large gravel toe berm were previously installed to protect the highway and rail line. The Heart River has shifted and is now cutting into the slope behind the rip rap installed to protect the toe of the toe berm slope.		
Dimensions:	80 m wide, 110 m long (plan view). Slide plane is probably 15 m to 20 m deep, with backscarp now about 6 m from SI10-17.		
Maintenance:	Highway was closed from May 2013 to January 2014 due to Sunshine Landslide. The inlet to the CNR Trunk downpipe was partially cleaned in 2016. Void behind the pile wall at the road was filled with concrete in 2020.		
Observations:	Description	Worsened?	
Pavement Distress	Pavement distress with scouring and rills on the west (downslope) shoulder of the roadway embankment near km 59.53 (Photo 10). Repaired sink hole at pile was in good condition (Photo 2).	•	
Slope Movement	No obvious retrogression of upper main backscarp since 2008 (Photo 6). No obvious slope movement directly downslope from the wall, upslope of S10-17 (Photo 1). Continued slope movement along lower portion of the north flank due to river erosion of the lower landslide toe (Photo 7).	<u><</u>	
▼ Erosion	Erosion along the roadway west shoulder to the south of the pile wall. Ongoing ditch erosion and debris transportation near the CNR Trunk inlet along the highway upslope ditch. Ongoing sideslope erosion rills and gullying at km 59.55 and km 59.48 (Photos 8 to 10).	\(\zeta\)	

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		Erosion is occurring below the severed section of the CNR Trunk downslope drainpipe. There has been retrogression and lateral expansion since 2020. (Photos 4 and 5) River has changed course after submerging the rip rap that was designed to keep it away from the toe of the slope. River has exposed rock along the toe of the slope where landslide debris has been removed (Photo 7).	
□ Seepage			
✓ Bridge/Culver	t Distress	Inlet to the CNR Trunk is partially buried with debris. The pipe conduit has completely failed immediately below the crest of the upper valley slope. As a result, a scour is rapidly forming in the slope below the breakage and sediment is accumulating in the intermediate plateau below (Photo 5).	V
✓ Other		Increased concrete spalling and sloughing between the piles on the CNR retaining (noted in previous years) (Photo 3).	V
Instrumentation:			
SI10-16	Installed about 15 m downslope of the CNR pile wall. Showed a rate of movement of 1.4 mm/yr over 11.7 m to 13.5 m depth since fall of 2020 readings. Movement rate is consistent with historic trends since 2010 and the total cumulative movement has been below 15 mm.		
SI10-17	Installed about 6 m from the crest of the main backscarp. Showed a rate of movement of 2.4 mm/yr over 9.5 m to 11.3 m depth since fall of 2020 readings. Movement rate is consistent with historic trends since 2010 and the total cumulative movement has been below 15 mm.		
PN10-16	the fall of 20	II. PN10-16 showed a decrease in groundwater leve 20 readings. Ground level has shown a consistent to with groundwater depth between 10 m to 12 m.	

Assessment:

Movement at the toe of the CNR slide is continuing, worsened by river erosion of failed material at the toe of the slide. Erosion at the toe of the slope, which started in 2007, is expected to continue, with consequent further slide movement and retrogression of the backscarp towards the rail line and highway. The pile wall along Hwy 744 was drilled to 20 m depth, and terminated above the expected rupture surface, so would be vulnerable to loss of toe support.

The CNR drainage trunk pipe is broken immediately below the crest of the valley slope and both water and sediment are pouring directly onto the slope below. A large scour gully has formed immediately beneath the break in the pipe. We recommended that this be addressed as a matter of urgency, preferably by replacing the existing segmented CPP with a welded anchored pipe along a flatter alternate alignment in addition to re-profiling and armoring the inlet.

Recommendations: Cost

Install mesh (welded wire or similar), anchored to the piles (and into the soil if possible) using Hilti anchors, for example, at areas of spalled parging. Place new parging to cover the mesh and fill the voids between piles. Install drainpipes through the parging to avoid blocking seepage.

Maintenance

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Replace CPP drainpipe with a realigned anchored welded pipe.	\$300,000 Maintenance
Consider a curb and gutter along the edge of asphalt, or a depressed swale, to channel water away from edge of pavement and to divert runoff away from the back of the piles. Fill the rills and around the guardrail posts with gravel covered with seeded topsoil.	
Establish survey network around the pile wall, including benchmarks on 'stable' ground, and control points on the top and bottom of the wall. Conduct regular surveys every 1 – 2 years to detect movement / deflection of the wall, check for the length of exposed wall and movement of the ground around the wall.	Investigation
Assess the stability of the wall and ability to resist overturning based on the length of exposed wall and current ground anchorages. Assess the need for a toe support wall.	Investigation
Options to limit erosion by the Heart River at the toe of the slope should be assessed – this will require a review of river hydraulics. Drone survey of the toe area would also be beneficial for detailed assessment and ongoing monitoring.	Investigation
Mid-term to long-term repair options might include installation of a secant pile wall near the base of the slope. A shorter wall could be constructed nearer the toe of the existing pile wall at reduced cost.	\$ 3 million to \$ 5 million
River training works such as rock vanes may be required in support of other repair options, or to limit further slope movement.	\$ 500,000

CLOSURE

It is a condition of this letter report that Thurber's performance of its professional services will be subject to the attached Statement of Limitations and Conditions.

Don Proudfoot, P.Eng. Principal | Senior Geotechnical Engineer

Tyler Clay, P.Eng. Geological Engineer

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- b) Reliance on Provided Information: The evaluation and conclusions contained in the Report have been prepared on the basis of conditions in evidence at the time of site inspections and on the basis of information provided to Thurber. Thurber has relied in good faith upon representations, information and instructions provided by the Client and others concerning the site. Accordingly, Thurber does not accept responsibility for any deficiency, misstatement or inaccuracy contained in the Report as a result of misstatements, omissions, misrepresentations, or fraudulent acts of the Client or other persons providing information relied on by Thurber. Thurber is entitled to rely on such representations, information and instructions and is not required to carry out investigations to determine the truth or accuracy of such representations, information and instructions.
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- d) Construction Services: During construction Thurber should be retained to provide field reviews. Field reviews consist of performing sufficient and timely observations of encountered conditions in order to confirm and document that the site conditions do not materially differ from those interpreted conditions considered in the preparation of the report. Adequate field reviews are necessary for Thurber to provide letters of assurance, in accordance with the requirements of many regulatory authorities.

6. RELEASE OF POLLUTANTS OR HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

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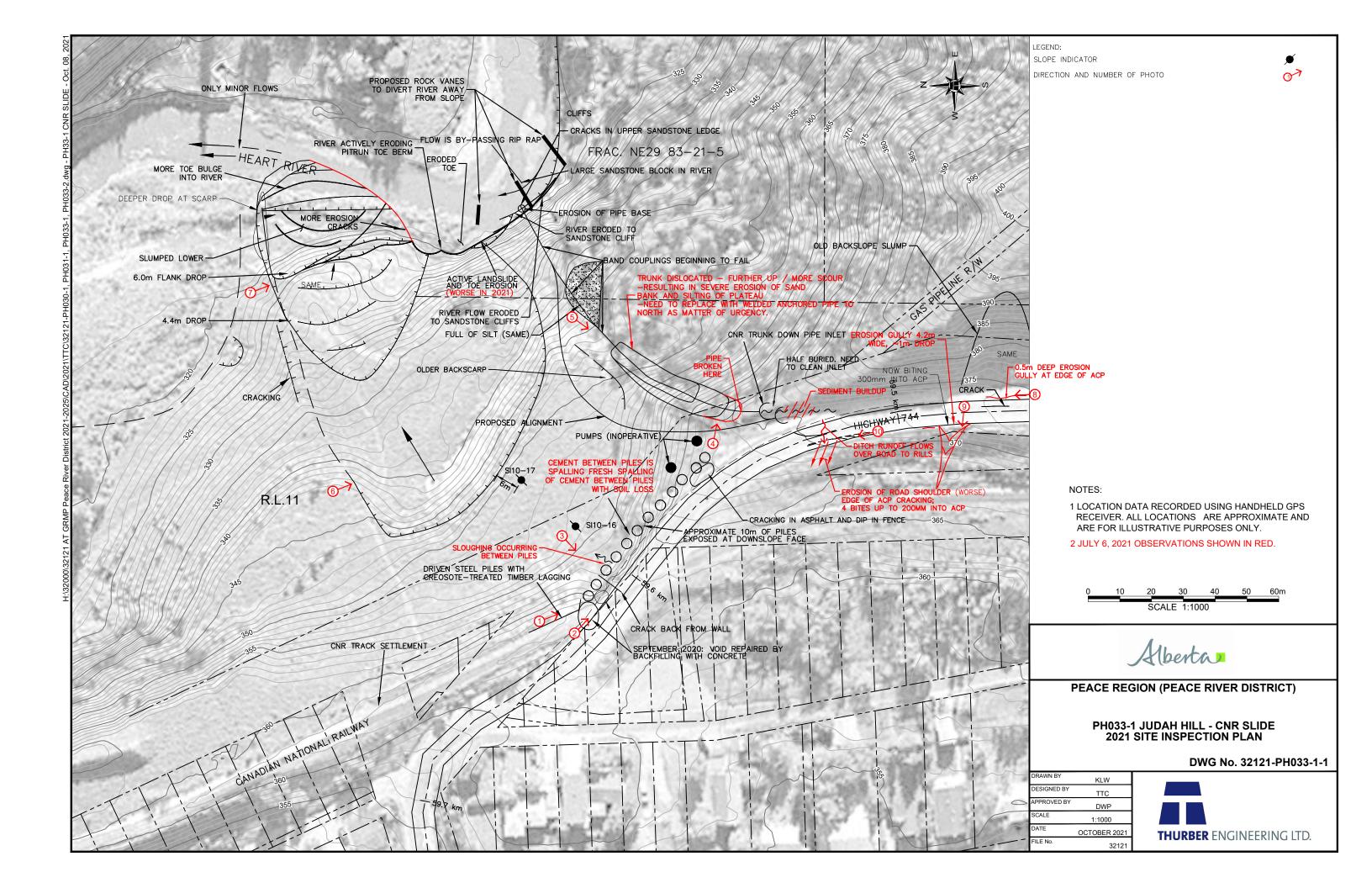






Photo 1.

Looking southeast from the north end of the CNR pile wall. Apart from ongoing ravelling and cement spalling between the piles there was no significant change observed at the downslope face of the pile wall or slope directly below since 2020.



Photo 2.

Repaired area above the piles where a void formed from soil loss between the two northernmost piles at the CNR pile wall along the NBL shoulder of Hwy 744:04 at km 59.62 was backfilled with concrete. Repair was in good condition.

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Photo 3. Looking south at the soil loss between the northernmost piles of the CNR pile wall north of Hwy 744:04 at km 59.61. Increased buildup of soil and concrete spalling between the piles since 2020.



Photo 4.
Looking east at break in CNR CPP Trunk pipe and erosion gully at crest of the Heart River valley slope.

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Photo 5.
Looking southwest from below the scour caused by the breakage in the CNR CPP Trunk pipe. There has been some retrogression and lateral expansion at the gully headwall since 2020.



Photo 6.
Looking southeast from the north side of the lower slide. No major changes observed in the slope area below the pile wall since 2020.

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Photo 7.
Looking east
along the toe of
the lower
landslide. Lower
slide activity and
toe erosion at the
riverbank is active.



Photo 8.
Looking north
towards the
erosion in the east
ditch.

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Photo 9.
Looking west at erosion gully in the embankment near KM 59.48.
Expanded from previous inspection.



Photo 10.
Looking west at erosion rills and ACP shoulder damage in the embankment near KM 59.53. Slightly worse from previous inspection.

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