

ALBERTA TRANSPORTATION GRMP

2018 Bi-annual Review Meeting

Peace / High Level Districts

Highway 2 East Hill Sites

Geo-referenced Photos + Historical Sat Imagery

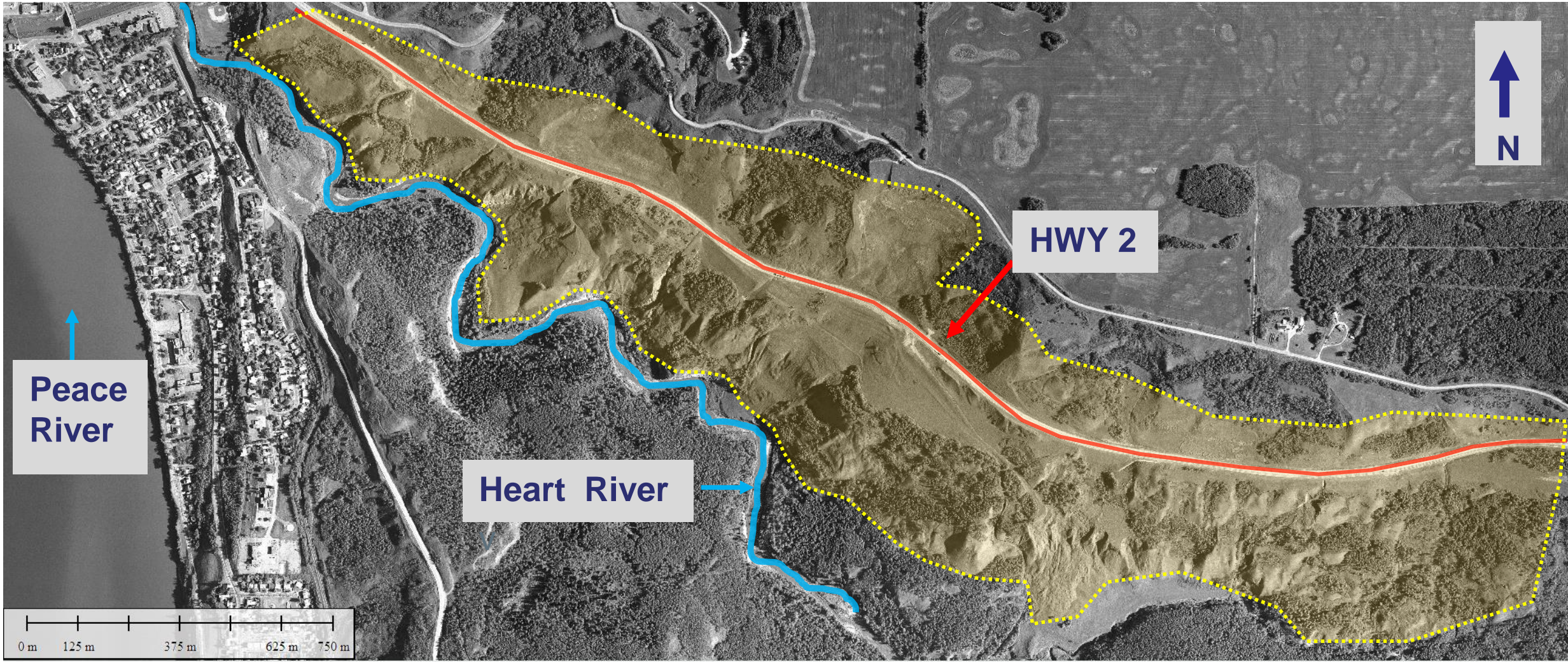


Peace River Region - Highway 2 - East Hill

- Site area directly east of the Town of Peace River
- Multiple sites within a 4 km segment of the Highway running along on the south-facing wall of the Heart River Valley.
- Widespread and highly active mass wasting processes that include channelized erosion, earth flows, deep and shallow landslides within colluvium and glaciolacustrine sediments (Glacial Lake Matthews).

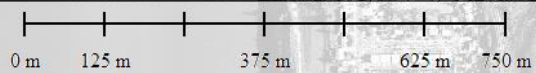




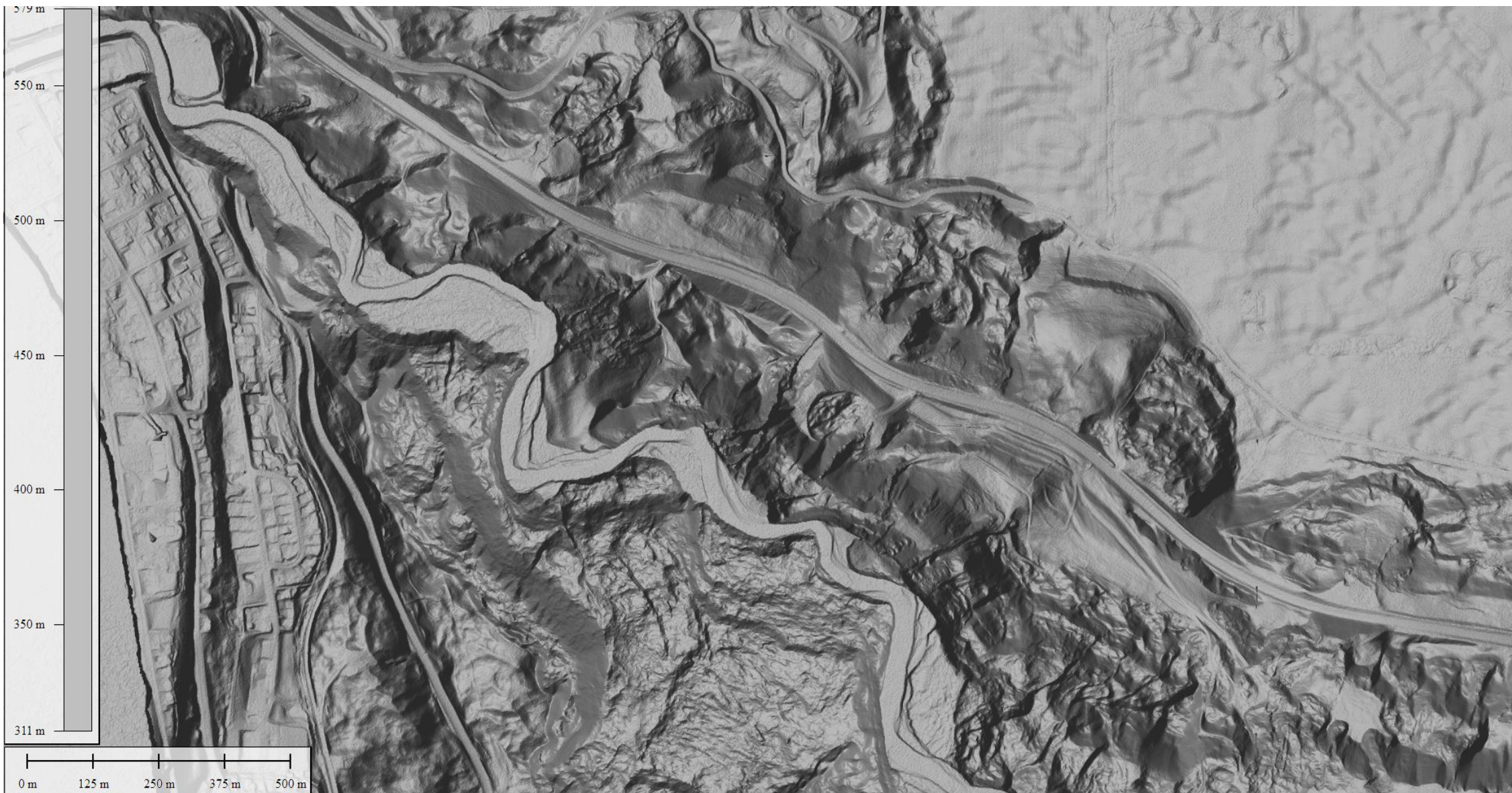


CHALLENGES

- Large site with many active, ongoing and interacting processes
- Many of the geohazards do not directly impact the highway but could lead to future instability or retrogressive processes that are cheaper / more practical to mitigate earlier (i.e. proactive approach)
- Limited time on ground during annual inspections – important to establish what are the existing conditions, what has changed and setup consistent framework of comparison to make efficient use of time on site.
- Large processes that can be difficult to interpret or understand broader site implications from the ground → LiDAR and aerial imagery tools can help
- Annual viewing of site (or limited instrumentation) – difficult to establish timeline or evaluate rate of geohazard processes







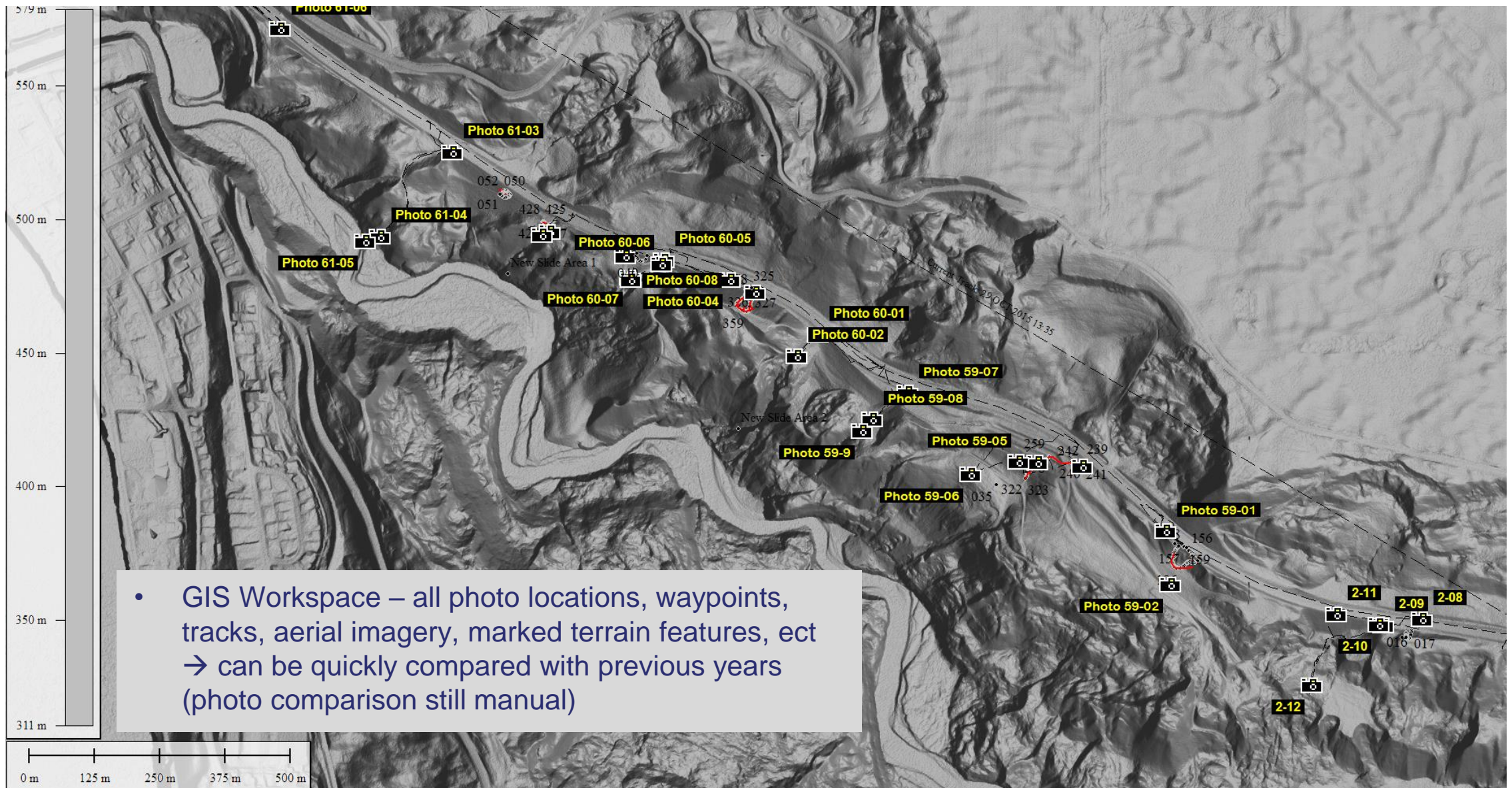
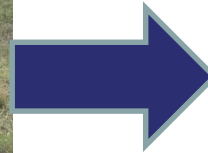


Photo Comparison

2009



2017



Photo Comparison

2009

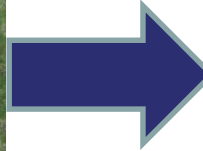


2017



Photo Comparison

2014



2016



Photo Comparison

2009



2017



Historic Satellite Imagery

2002



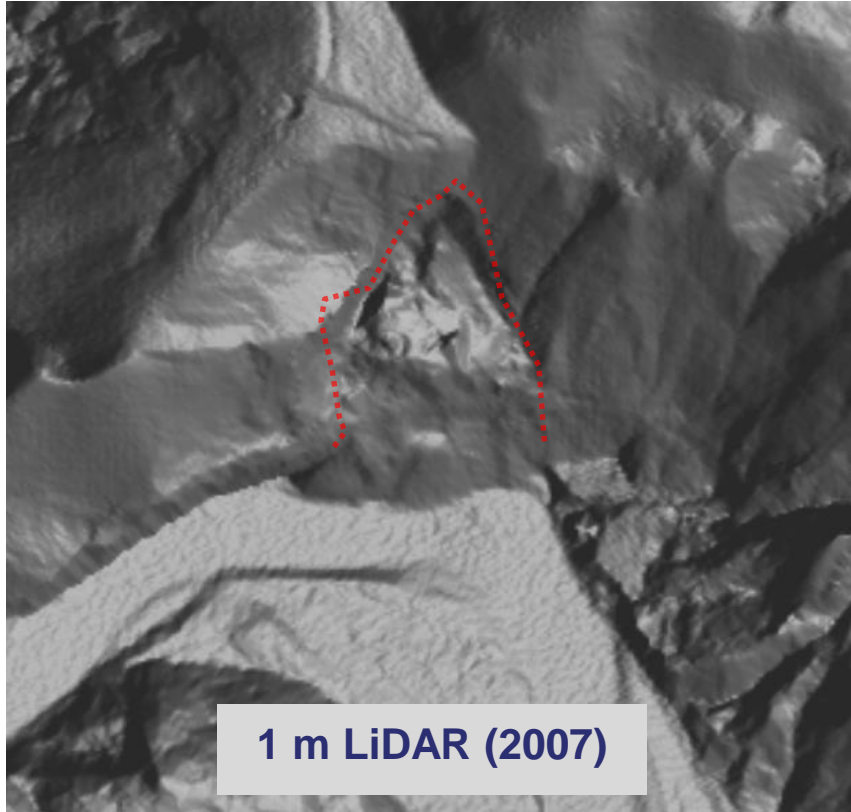
Historic Satellite Imagery

2002



Historic Satellite Imagery

2012



Historic Satellite Imagery

2013



Historic Satellite Imagery

2016



Photo Comparison



Historic Satellite Imagery



2016



Conclusions

- Comparison methodology used in the development of the site plan with focus on areas that have observable rates of activity and/or future potential to cause instability or hazard to the highway
- Combination of LiDAR and satellite/aerial imagery allows broader view of site processes
- Historic imagery provides better context to the development process and rate of mass waste events
- Helps create target areas for next year and guide the inspection process, esp. for future inspectors
- Process could be refined with new technology and more frequent data gathering (e.g. drone survey)

