

July 15, 2024

Alberta Transportation and Economic Corridors 4th Floor, Provincial Building 4920 – 51st Street Red Deer, Alberta T4N 6K8

Tony Penney, P.Eng. Construction Engineer

Dear Mr. Penney:

CON0022160 Central Region GRMP Instrumentation Monitoring Site C062; H41:02, km 2.889 Vermillion Backslope Section C – 2024 Spring Readings

1 **GENERAL**

One slope inclinometer (SI) (SI18-C62-03), six vibrating wire piezometers (VWPs) (VW48782 through VW48785, VW48787, and VW48788), and one standpipe piezometer (SP) (SP18-01) were read at the C062 site in the Central Region on May 14, 2024 by Aden Shipton, E.I.T. of Klohn Crippen Berger Ltd. (KCB). These instruments were read as part of the Central Region Geohazard Risk Management Program (GRMP). The site is located on Hwy 41:02, km 2.889, approximately 2.9 km north of Vermillion, Alberta. The approximate site coordinates are 5912662 N, 509163 E (UTM Zone 12, NAD 83). A site plan is presented in Figure 1.

The geohazard at the C062 site consists of a large, deep-seated-translational earth slide on the east (northbound) backslope of Hwy 41:02.

In April 2018, KCB conducted a geotechnical site investigation at the C062 site. Drilling was completed by Mobile Augers and Research Ltd. The encountered stratigraphy was as follows: medium to high plastic silty clay till, overlying bedrock (mudstone).

1.1 Instrumentation

Instrumentation installation details are tabulated in Table 1.1. Instrument locations are presented in Figure 1.

In April 2018, KCB installed three SIs (SI18-C62-01 through SI18-C62-03), six VWPs (VW48782 through VW48785, VW48787, and VW48788), and one SP (SP18-01) to monitor depth of movement and ground water conditions, respectively. SI18-C62-01, VW48783, VW48784, and VW48788 were installed in borehole BH18-C62-01, located in the graben area at the crest of the slope. SI18-C62-02, VW48785, VW48787, and SP18-01 were installed in boreholes BH18-C62-02 and BH18-C62-03,



located approximately midslope, and SI18-C62-03 and VW48782 were installed in borehole BH18-C62-04, located at the toe of the slope in the east (northbound) ditch. By September 2019, SI18-C62-01 (crest) and SI18-C62-02 (midslope) were both sheared.

The instruments are protected by above-ground casing protectors.

The operable SI was read using the same metric RST Digital MEMS Inclinometer System that has been used to read the SI since it was installed.

The VWPs were read using an RST VW2106 vibrating wire readout and the SP was read using an RST Water Level Meter.

Table 1.1 Instrumentation Installation Details

Instrument	Instrument	Date Installed	UTM Coordinates ¹ (m)		Ground Surface	Stick Up	Depth	Condition	
ID	Туре	Date installed	Northing	Easting	Elevation ¹ (m)	(m)	(mbgs ²)	Condition	
SI18-C62-01	SI	Apr. 07, 2018	5912695	509210	608	0.9	22.2	Inoperable³	
SI18-C62-02	SI	Apr. 06, 2018	5912669	509199	600	0.9	24.4	Inoperable³	
SI18-C62-03	SI	Apr. 08, 2018	5912647	509186	593	0.8	10.5	Operable	
VW48782	VWP	Apr. 08, 2018	5912647	509186	593	N/A	9.6	Operable	
VW48783	VWP	Apr. 07, 2018	5912695	509210	608	N/A	6.1	Operable	
VW48784	VWP	Apr. 07, 2018	5912695	509210	608	N/A	14.3	Operable	
VW48785	VWP	Apr. 06, 2018	5912669	509199	600	N/A	12.8	Operable, but dry	
VW48787	VWP	Apr. 06, 2018	5912669	509199	600	N/A	23.8	Operable	
VW48788	VWP	Apr. 07, 2018	5912695	509210	608	N/A	21.3	Operable	
SP18-01	SP	Apr. 06, 2018	5912667	509201	600	0.8	13.6	Operable, but dry	

Notes:

2 INTERPRETATION

2.1 General

For the operable SI, the cumulative displacement, incremental displacement, and displacement-time data was plotted in the A-direction (i.e., the direction of the A0-groove). The A0-groove in the SI is aligned approximately with the direction of anticipated maximum movement (i.e., perpendicular to the highway), in the downslope direction.

For the operable VWPs, the recorded porewater pressures were converted to an equivalent water/piezometric elevation and plotted relative to ground surface elevation and the tip elevation for each instrument. No data plot is provided for SP18-01 because it has been dry since installation.

The SI and piezometer data plots are included in Appendix I, and a summary of the SI and piezometer data is provided in Table 2.1 through Table 2.3, respectively.

¹Coordinates and ground surface elevations were estimated from July 2018 survey data.

² Meters below ground surface (mbgs).

³ SI18-C62-01 and SI18-C62-02 have sheared at an approximate depth of 12.0 m and 4.5 m below ground surface, respectively.

Table 2.1 Slope Inclinometer Reading Summary

	Date				Ground	Donth of		Movement (mm)		Rate of Movement (mm/year)		
Instrument ID	Initialized	Previous Maximum Cumulative Movement Recorded	Previous Reading	Most Recent Reading	Ground Surface Elevation (m)	Depth of Movement (mbgs ¹)	Direction of Movement	Maximum Cumulative	Incremental Since Previous Maximum Cumulative	Previous Maximum	Most Recent Reading	Change from Previous Reading
SI18-C62-01 ²	Apr. 16, 2018	Jul. 13, 2018	May 16, 2019	N/A – inoperable ²	608	11.4 – 12.0	A-Direction	36.5	N/A – inoperable ²	40.2	N/A – inoperable ²	
SI18-C62-02 ²	Apr. 16, 2018	Jul. 13, 2018	May 16, 2019	N/A – inoperable ²	600	3.4 – 4.4	A-Direction	50.5	N/A – inoperable ²	54.2	N/A – inoperable ²	
SI18-C62-03	Apr. 16, 2018	N/A – no discernible movement has been recorded	Sep. 19, 2023	May 14, 2024	593		N/A – no discernible movement recorded					

Notes:

Table 2.2 Vibrating Wire Piezometer Reading Summary

Instrument ID /		Date		Ground Surface Elevation	Tip Depth	Water Level			
Serial No.	Installed	Previous Reading	Most Recent Reading	(m)	(mbgs¹)	Previous Reading (mbgs ¹)	Most Recent Reading (mbgs¹)	Change from Previous Reading (m)	
VW48782	Apr. 08, 2018	Sep. 19, 2023	May 14, 2024	593	9.6	3.3 1.6		1.7	
VW48783	Apr. 07, 2018	Sep. 19, 2023	May 14, 2024	608	6.1	4.0	4.1	-0.1	
VW48784	Apr. 07, 2018	Sep. 19, 2023	May 14, 2024	608	14.3	13.2	13.4	-0.2	
VW48785	Apr. 06, 2018	Sep. 19, 2023	May 14, 2024	600	12.8	N/A - instrument is dry			
VW48787	Apr. 06, 2018	Sep. 19, 2023	May 14, 2024	600	23.8	14.9	14.5	0.4	
VW48788	Apr. 07, 2018	Sep. 19, 2023	May 14, 2024	608	21.3	20.1	20.1	0.0	

Notes:

Table 2.3 Standpipe Piezometer Reading Summary

Instrument ID	Date			Ground Surface Elevation	Caraon Donth	Water Level		
	Installed	Previous Reading	Most Recent Reading	(m)	Screen Depth (mbgs¹)	Previous Reading (mbgs¹)	Most Recent Reading (mbgs¹)	Change from Previous Reading (m)
SP18-01	Apr. 06, 2018	Sep. 19, 2023	May 14, 2024	600	10.6 – 13.6	N/A – instrument dry		

Notes:



¹ Meters below ground surface (mbgs).

² SI18-C62-01 and SI18-C62-02 have sheared at an approximate depth of 12.0 m and 4.5 m below ground surface, respectively.

¹ Meters below ground surface (mbgs).

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2.2 Zones of Movement

Prior to being sheared, movement was recorded in SI18-C62-01 (crest) and SI18-C62-02 (midslope) at an approximate depth of 12.0 m and 4.5 m below ground surface, respectively, in clay till. The movement recorded in these instruments was discrete (i.e., occurring on a defined failure plane) at an approximate elevation of 596 m.

Since installation, no discernible movement has been recorded in SI18-C62-03 (toe of slope).

2.3 Interpretation of Monitoring Results

The previous geotechnical site investigations and current instrumentation data suggest the mode of failure is likely a deep-seated translational earth block slide. Discrete movement was recorded in SI18-C62-01 (crest) and SI18-C62-02 (midslope) at an approximate elevation of 596 m. Since installation, no discernible movement has been recorded in SI18-C62-03 (toe of slope). Recorded movement in the midslope and crest of the backslope was at a similar elevation, and the absence of movement at the toe suggests that the depth of the basal failure planes varies from 12.0 m in the graben area (SI18-C62-01) to 4.5 m at the midslope (SI18-C62-02). During the 2018 geotechnical site investigation, a zone of clay till with elevated moisture contents and sand/silty layers was encountered near the basal failure plane location.

The rate of movement previously recorded at the midslope in SI18-C62-02 was higher than the rate of movement recorded in SI18-C62-01 at the crest of the slope. As the lower portion of the slide beneath the midslope continues to move, the upper portion of the slide beneath the crest of the slope will experience an increased rate of movement due to the loss of support associated with the lower portion of the slide moving away from the upper portion of the slide.

The piezometers have been either relatively steady (±1.5 m) or dry since installation. The May 2024 readings were consistent with historical trends observed in these instruments, except for VW48782 at the toe of the slope which has recorded a 2.7 m increase since spring 2023. Precipitation data from the Alberta Climate Information Service (ACIS) Vermillion AGDM weather station, located approximately 2.5 km southwest of C062, recorded approximately 80 mm more precipitation in May 2024 than May 2023. As VW48782 is installed below the east (northbound) ditch below the slide, the increase in water level is likely in response to greater volumes of surface water runoff through the ditch and the resultant increased infiltration (likely exacerbated by the toe roll partially blocking the ditch).

In the nested piezometers installed in BH18-C62-01 (VW48783, VW48784, and VW48788) at the crest of the slope, two independent water levels were detected in the clay till, which could indicate the presence of two perched groundwater tables. This is likely due to the presence of sand and silt lenses found interbedded within the clay till layer.

The current porewater pressure data and previously recorded movements are consistent with the initial monitoring results presented in our 2018 geotechnical site investigation report dated October 5, 2018. The current instrumentation data also supports the analysis and recommendations



presented in our 2018 report (i.e., that lowering the groundwater table or flattening the backslope could improve overall stability by approximately 50% to 60%).

3 RECOMMENDATIONS

3.1 Future Work

The site should continue to be inspected by the Maintenance Contract Inspector (MCI) and as part of the Central Region GRMP Section B inspections.

Remedial options are currently being discussed between KCB and Alberta Transportation and Economic Corridors (TEC) and may include installing horizontal drains and/or flattening the slope. At this time, the highway below the slide has not been impacted by slope movements, but the toe roll is starting to block the ditch. If the rate of movement is observed to be increasing, as assessed by visual observations at the toe and crest of the slide, or the ditch becomes blocked, TEC will need to take action to ensure that the highway is not impacted (e.g., excavating material that is blocking the ditch to improve drainage).

3.2 Instrument Repairs or Maintenance

No instrument repairs or maintenance is required.

4 CLOSING

This report is an instrument of service of Klohn Crippen Berger (KCB). The report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Alberta Transportation and Economic Corridors (Client) for the specific application to the Central Region Geohazard Risk Management Program (Contract No. CON0022160), and it may not be relied upon by any other party without KCB's written consent.

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Please contact the undersigned if you have any questions or comments regarding this report. Yours truly,

KLOHN CRIPPEN BERGER LTD.

asign

James Lyons, P.Eng. Civil Engineer Aden Shipton, E.I.T. Civil Engineer in Training

JL:bb

ATTACHMENTS

Figure

Appendix I Instrumentation Plots

Site C062; H41:02, km 2.889 Vermillion Backslope Section C – 2024 Spring Readings

FIGURE



- Instrument Location
- Power Pole
- ++ Toe Roll
- лл Main Scarp
- الللـ Minor Scarp

NOTES:

- 1. HORIZONTAL DATUM: NAD83
 2. GRID ZONE: UTM Zone 12N
 3. IMAGE SOURCE: World Imagery, ESRI ArcGIS Online Acquired for use October 18, 2021.
 4. Instrument locations are approximate (not surveyed).
 5. Strikethrough indicates the instrument is inoperable.



Klohn Crippen Berger

CENTRAL REGION GEOHAZARD RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

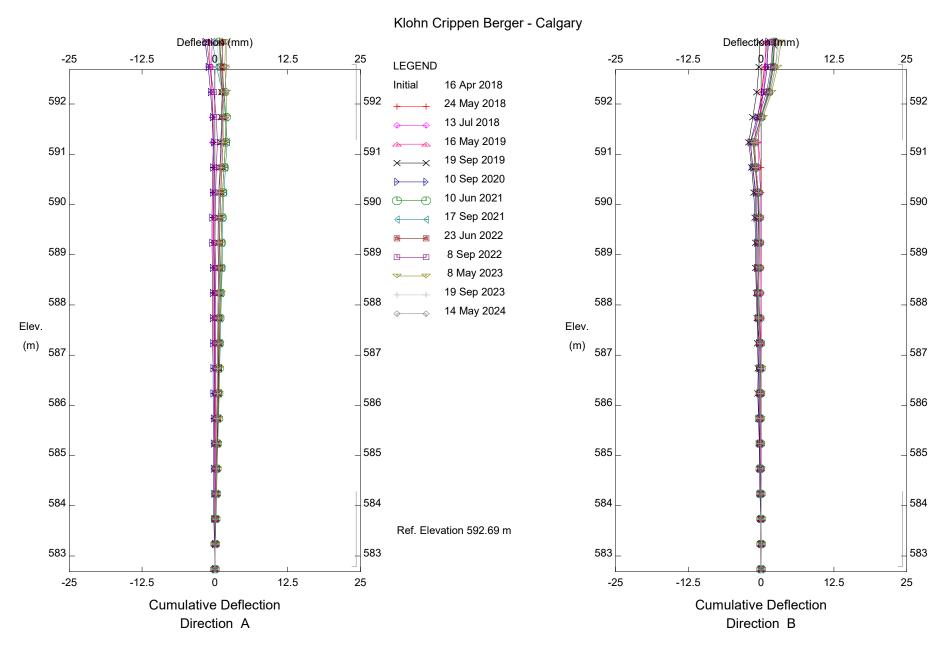
Site Plan C062 - Vermillion Backslope

Hwy 41:02, km 2.889 A05116A02

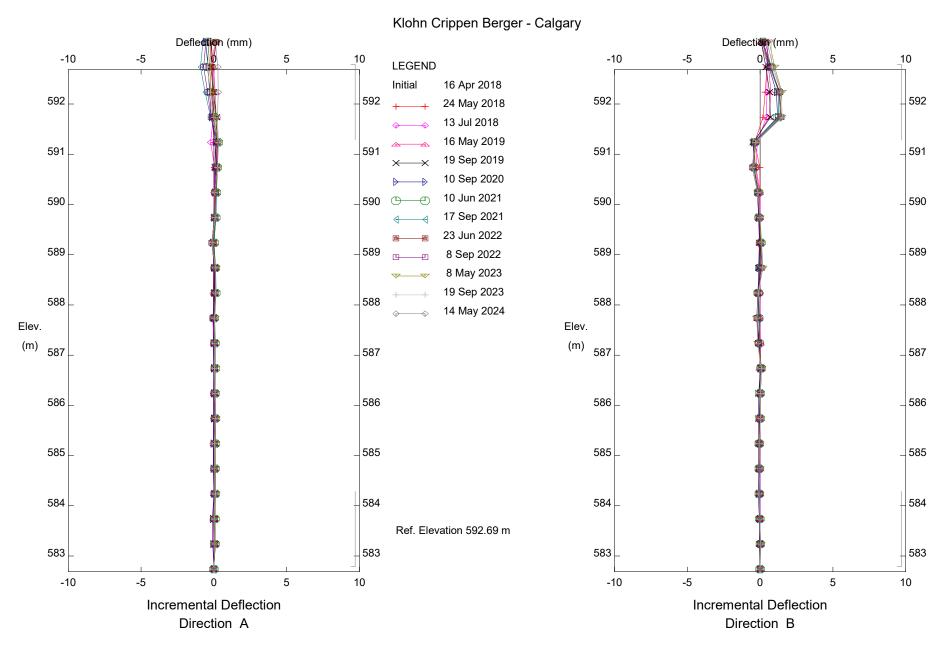
Site C062; H41:02, km 2.889 Vermillion Backslope Section C – 2024 Spring Readings

APPENDIX I

Instrumentation Plots

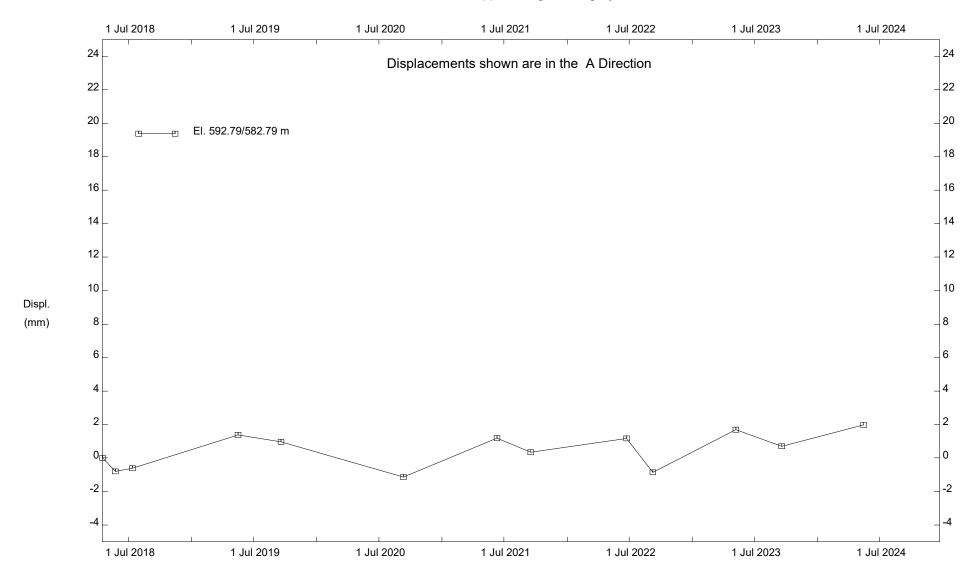


C062; H41:02, Vermilion Backslope, Inclinometer SI18-C62-03
Alberta Transportation



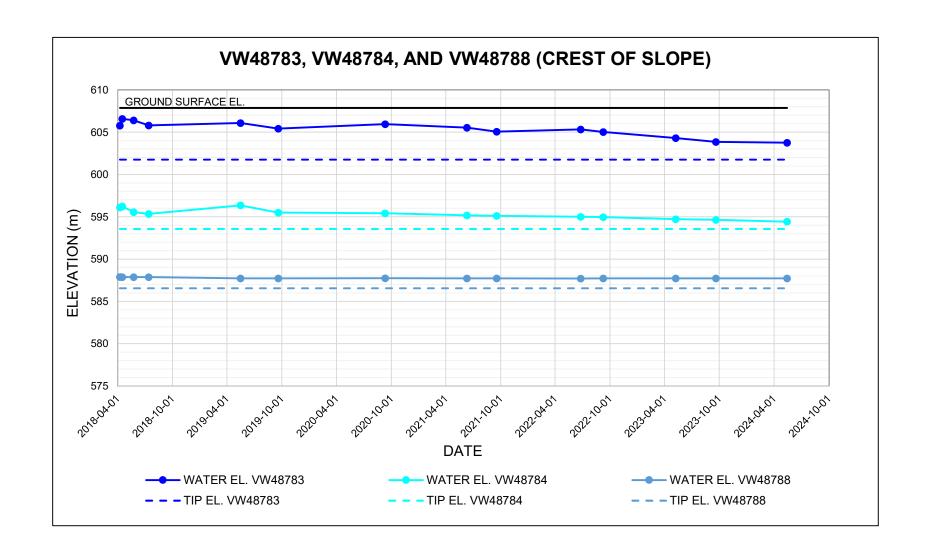
C062; H41:02, Vermilion Backslope, Inclinometer SI18-C62-03
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C062; H41:02, Vermilion Backslope, Inclinometer SI18-C62-03

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NOTES: 1. GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION OBTAINED FROM JULY 2018 TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY COMPLETED BY CHALLENGER GEOMATICS LTD.

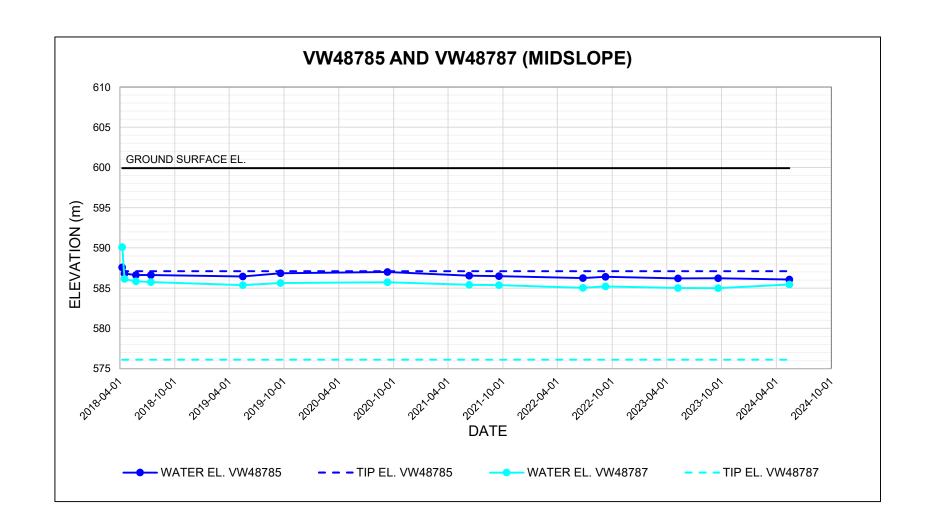


PROJECT
CENTRAL REGION GEOHAZARD RISK
MANAGEMENT PLAN

TITLE

Piezometer Data C062 - Vermillion Backslope Hwy 40:02, km 2.889

SCALE N/A PROJECT No. A05116A02 FIG No. I-4



NOTES: 1. GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION OBTAINED FROM JULY 2018 TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY COMPLETED BY CHALLENGER GEOMATICS LTD.



PROJECT

CENTRAL REGION GEOHAZARD RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN

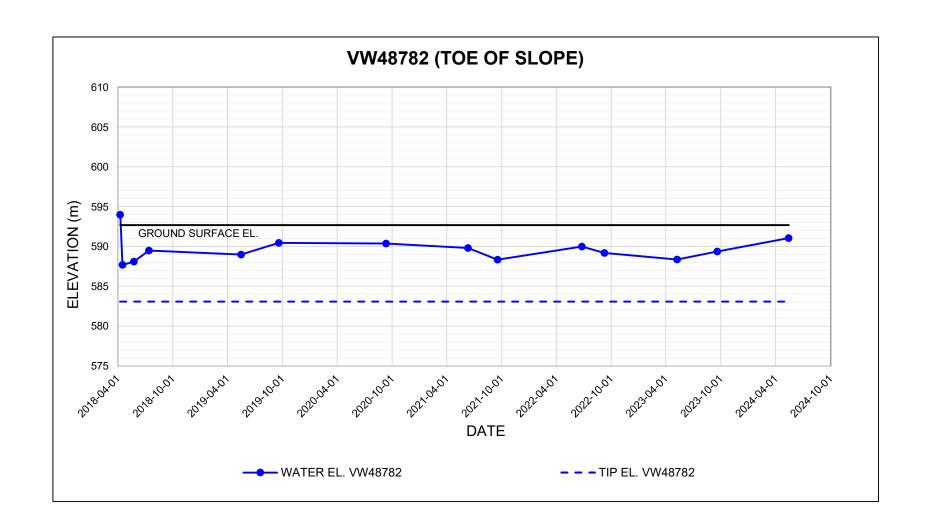
TITLE

Piezometer Data C062 - Vermillion Backslope Hwy 40:02, km 2.889

SCALE N/A PROJECT No.

A05116A02 FIG No.

I-5



1. GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION OBTAINED FROM JULY 2018 TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY COMPLETED BY CHALLENGER GEOMATICS LTD.

